Business model & Strategic direction – BA Marketing & Sales

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Mining



Smelting and Refining



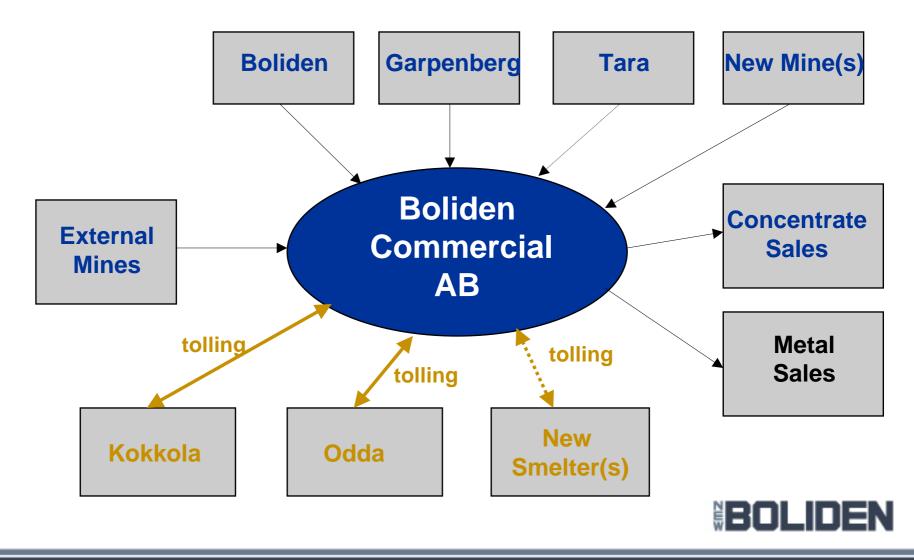
Zinc



Copper



Business model Zinc



Business rational for Commercial

- Mining and smelting cost is mostly about cost efficiency
- Commercial strategy must support overall strategy
- Role of commercial
 - Handle raw material and finished products in a centralised, cost efficient way
 - Risk management (offset hedging) of metals and currencies
 - Logistics
- Commercial measured against performance on
 - Commercial achievements (TC/RC and premiums)
 - Working capital management
 - Cost control



Mine and smelter income sharing

Mine

Income

+ Payable metals

Deduction

- Penalties
- TC/RC, incl pp or escalator
- The mine is responsible for the transportation cost to unloading port

Smelter

Income

- + Total metal production
 - + Payable
 - + Free metal
- + TC/RC, incl pp or escalator
- + Penalty elements
- + Premium on metal

Deduction

- Payable metals
- The smelter is responsible for the transportation cost of the metal to the customer



Metal trade

- The standard metal quality is LME approved grade (Grade A cathodes and SHG zinc slabs)
- Additional zinc qualities (non LME deliverable qualities) are Continous Galvanizing Grade (CGG) and Die Casting Alloys (DCA)
- The metal is sold at a LME quotation (USD/t) plus a premium
- The premium reflects the difference to the LME delivery, like
 - Quality
 - Delivery
 - Pricing difference
 - Payment terms
 - Credit risk etc

